

Learning Flow

Year 3– Geography – Term 1– Rivers, Hills and Mountains



What do we already know?

Topic Toolkit – Prior knowledge , What is Geography? Why it important? What do we already know? What questions do we have?



What are hills and how are they formed?

- Different types of hills
- Hill features
- Hills in the UK Know what hills are and different types of hills.

L1-Pupils can identify and compare key areas on a map of Europe and compare and contrast. Such as hills, volcanos, mountains and rivers.
- Pupils will compare different UK hills based on their features.

What are mountains?

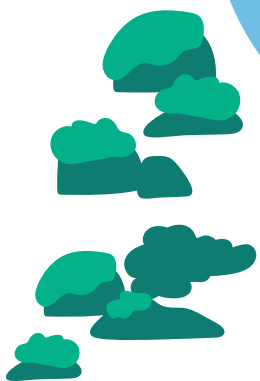
- What is a mountain and how is it different to hills?
- Know some of the tallest mountains and mountain ranges in the UK.



How are mountains shown on maps?

- Topographical maps
- Locate and label mountains and mountain ranges in UK

L1-Pupils can identify and compare key areas on a map of Europe and compare and contrast. Such as hills, volcanos, mountains and rivers. - Pupils will identify different mountains on a map.



How are rivers and mountains linked?

- Sources of rivers often in mountains
- Follow course of river on map physical features



The Water Cycle

- How it connects mountains and the journey of a river.
- Key terms. What are they? Evaporation, condensation, precipitation and collection.



Comparing rivers and canals.

- Identify significant rivers as well as discuss differences between natural rivers and the man-made canal.
- Why have man-made canals?

01 - Pupils can take digital photographs of the main features of the school or local area and plot them on to a map to show the route round the school, using coordinates to show where these key features are.

02- Use locational language to describe the location of points on a map of the school/local area in reference to the canal.

What do we know now?

- Knowledge demonstration- Draw it
- Quiz.
- Flashforward- Next term. What do we know?

